

TUBACEX TX 28 140LY Technical Data Sheet

Introduction

TX-28HY is a highly alloyed austenitic stainless steel for extremely corrosive media application with a high strength. It shows an excellent performance in the most aggressive environments of Oil Country Tubular Goods.

General Characteristics

TX-28 is a nickel-iron-chromium alloy with additions of molybdenum and copper. It is characterised by its high resistance to general corrosion in different environments. The resistance to stress corrosion cracking is excellent. The pitting and crevice corrosion resistance is excellent too

A. Technical Specifications

- API 5CRA/ISO 13680
- ISO 15156/NACE MR0175

B. Chemical Composition

Typical values are (in percentage of mass) fulfils with the UNS N08028:

С	Mn	Si	Р	S	Cr	Ni	Mo	Cu	PREN
< 0.02	< 2.0	0.30	< 0.030	< 0.002	27.0	31.5	3.5	0.90	>41

This composition guarantees PREN > 41, as per following formula: PRE = %Cr + 3.3 x %Mo + 16 x %N

C. Production Process

C.1. Steel Making Mill

Electric furnace process and Argon Oxygen Decarburization process (AOD) to refine the steel composition.

C.2. Pipe Production

The pipe production consists in a first hot working stage followed by a final cold working stage.

C.3. Heat Treatment

Depending on the final product requirements a heat treatment prior to the cold work could be applied. Minimum heat treatment temperature is 1080 °C (1976 °F) followed by a rapid cooling.

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D. Mechanical Properties (Cold Worked Condition)

The most typical ones are 125 ksi and 140 ksi.

At 20 °C	Grade 125	Grade 140LY	Grade 140	
Ys _{0,2%} (ksi)	125 - 150	130 - 150	140 - 160	
Ts (ksi)	> 135	> 135	> 135	
A (%)	> 10	> 9	> 9	
HRC	< 37 < 38		< 38	
Impact test (*)	Av>50J	/ Ind>40J		

1 ksi = 6,895 MPa - 1 MPa = 0,145 ksi

(*) At -10 °C, transverse

Temperature yield derating factor at a given temperature:

Temperature °C (°F)	Yield Derating Factor		
100 (212)	0,94		
200 (392)	0,88		

E. Physical Properties

E.1. Thermal Expansion Coefficient:

Mean coefficient between 20 °C and a given temperature:

Temperature °C (°F)	Coefficient (10 ⁻⁶ K ⁻¹)
100 (212)	15
200 (392)	15.5

E.2. Modulus of Elasticity

At 20 °C: 190 kN/ mm². At a given temperature:

Temperature °C (°F)	kN/ mm²
100 (212)	180
200 (392)	175

E.3. Poisson ratio

At 20 °C: 0,31. At a given temperature:

Temperature °C (°F)	V
100 (212)	0,31
200 (392)	0,32

E.4. Other Physical Properties:

- Density at 20 °C: 7.98 g/cm³
- Thermal conductivity at 20 °C: 10 W/K·m
- Electrical resistance at 20 °C: 0.80 Ω·mm²/m
- Specific heat capacity at 20 °C: 450 J/kg °C

F. Corrosion Properties

F.1. Intergranular Corrosion

TX-28 140LY passes testing to ASTM A262 Practice E, ISO 3651-2 Method A and G28A without objections.

F.2. Stress Corrosion Cracking

F.2.1. Slow strain rate test (SSRT) method for screening CRAs for SCC in sour oilfield service (NACE TM0198)

Condition	Grade	Strain rate s-1	CI [—] (ppm)	рН	T °C (°F)	P H₂S kPa (psi)	P CO₂ kPa (psi)
1	125	4,00 10-6	280000	3,5	107 (225)	400 (58)	1200 (174)
2	125	4,00 10-6	150000	3,5	120 (248)	572 (83)	1138 (165)
3	140	4,00 10-6	151500	3,0	149 (300)	2248 (326)	6895 (1000)

F.2.2. Resistance to SSC, SCC and GHSC in H2S environment (NACE TM0136 4PB)

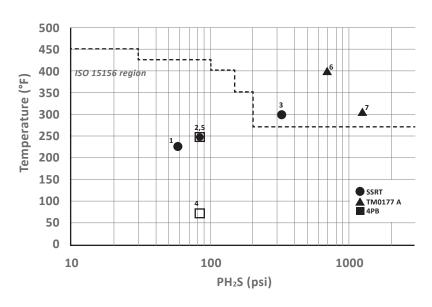
Condition	Grade	CI [—] (ppm)	Applied Sress	рН	T °C (°F)	P H ₂ S (psi)	P CO₂ (psi)
4	125	150000	100% AYS	3,5	24 (75)	572 (83)	1138 (165)
5	125	150000	100% AYS	3,5	120 (248)	572 (83)	1138 (165)

F.2.3. Resistance to SCC in H2S environment (NACE TM0177 method A)

Condition	Grade	CI ⁻ (ppm)	Applied Sress	рН	T °C (°F)	P H₂S (psi)	P CO₂ (psi)
6	125	130000	90% AYS	3,0	205 (401)	4826 (700)	3447 (500)
7	125	220000	90% SMYS	3,0	152 (306)	9653 (1400)	3861 (560)

F.2.4 Resistance to SCC in H2S environment (comparison with ISO 15156)

TX-28HY passes without objections the tests carried out within the ISO 15156 limits for this grade and even at more aggressive conditions:



F.3. Pitting and Crevice Corrosion Resistance

According to ASTM G48, TX-28 140LY has a critical pitting temperature higher than 50° C and a critical crevice temperature higher than 30° C.

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